October 18, 2021

Honorable Jennifer Granholm
Secretary
U.S. Department of Energy
1000 Independence Ave., SW
Washington, DC  20585

Re: Docket Number EERE-2021-BT-STD-0012: Definitions for General Service Lamps

Dear Secretary Granholm:

We are writing in support of the Department of Energy’s proposed rule that would amend the definition of “general service lamp” to include many of the most common types of light bulbs used in homes and businesses. Expanding this definition will ensure that new energy efficiency standards that are required by law apply to nearly all light bulbs sold, delivering very large bill savings for consumers and climate emissions reductions. We urge you to act promptly to finalize the broadened definition and swiftly apply improved standards.
A two-step process

In May, DOE sought initial input on potentially implementing the backstop standards contained in the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007. Congress set a backstop standard by law to make sure that an improved requirement would take effect. But, under the Trump administration, DOE first reversed a 2017 rule that had expanded the definition of general service lamp and then determined that the backstop standard did not apply.

By ensuring that new standards would apply not only to classic pear-shaped light bulbs but also to other common shapes such as reflector, candelabra and globe shapes, the proposed new definition would dramatically expand the benefits of new light bulb standards. Thus, we support the two-step process that DOE has begun: first, expand the definition of “general service lamp” to include all common types of bulbs and, second, implement the backstop standard.

Big consumer savings at stake

Changing just one bulb from an incandescent bulb to an LED saves $40 - $90 over ten years.¹ Using the midpoint of this estimate ($65) and the average number of bulbs per US home (about 45), that translates into $3,000 in net savings over 10 years. It’s no wonder that LED bulbs have become very popular—gaining about 60% market share² due to their low-cost, long lifetime, energy and bill savings, and ability to light up just like the inefficient incandescent bulbs they replace.

But many manufacturers and retailers continue to promote incandescent bulbs that burn out frequently, waste money, and harm the environment. Many consumers stick with familiar products out of habit even though high-quality, low-cost alternatives are available. Others, especially lower income populations, lack easy access to retailers that sell affordable LEDs. Implementing the improved standards would ensuring all consumers benefit from modern light bulb technology.

Delay is costly for consumers and the climate

According to analysis by the Appliance Standards Awareness Project, each additional month that DOE delays implementing the backstop standard for the broadened definition of general service lamp will cost consumers about $300 million in lost savings and cause 800,000 tons of easily avoided climate change emissions over the lifetimes of bulbs sold in that month. These delays are especially burdensome for low-income households that can least afford the high costs of inefficient light bulbs.

Executive Order 13990, “Protecting Public Health and the Environment and Restoring Science to Tackle the Climate Crisis,”³ issued by President Biden on Inauguration Day, directs agencies to review actions of the previous administration that conflict with his policies. In February, DOE identified the light bulb rules

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² See https://www.creedlighttracker.com/

³ 86 Federal Register 7037
for review. The Executive Order directs DOE to complete work on these and other reviews by December 31, 2021.

We strongly urge DOE to finalize the revised definition and adopt the backstop standard as soon as possible, but no later than the deadline established by President Biden.

Thank you for considering this input.

Sincerely,

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https://www.energy.gov/sites/prod/files/2021/02/f82/eere_eo13990.memo_1.pdf
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